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deaths at Arecibo, 9 due to uncinariasis, 12 due to anemia, 11 to tuberculosis, 11 to bronchitis, 3 to infantile tetanus, 1 to pneumonia, 3 to broncho-pneumonia, and 1 to paludism; 50 deaths at Humacao, 15 due to anemia, 1 to paludism, 4 to tuberculosis, 3 to pneumonia, 2 to infantile tetanus, and 2 to broncho-pneumonia; 67 deaths at Aguadilla, 5 due to uncinariasis, 6 to rickets, 11 to enteritis, chronic, 3 to tetanus, infantile, 5 to broncho-pneumonia, 2 to tuberculosis, 2 to paludic fever; 31 deaths at Fajardo, 1 due to anemia, 1 to tuberculosis, 3 to bronchitis, and 2 to broncho-pneumonia; 14 deaths at Arroyo, 1 due to uncinariasis, 1 to anemia, 2 to paludism, and 1 to tetanus, infantile. There were no quarantinable diseases reported from the subports.

Mortality statistics of San Juan for the month of April, 1905.

Tuberculosis	15	Leprosy	1
Tetanus	3	Nephritis	4
Tetanus, infantile	4	Anemia	1
Gastro-enteritis	9	Meningitis	5
Enteritis	10	Diseases of heart	14
Rickets	6	All other causes	33
Broncho-pneumonia	2		
Uncinariasis	1	Total	108

TURKEY.

Return of the pilgrimage of the Hedjaz—Arrivals and departures of vessels at quarantine station of Tor.

[From the Bulletin Quarantenaire, Alexandria, May 4, 1905.]

VESSELS ARRIVED FROM YAMBO AT TOR.

April 28.—British steamship *Rahmanieh;* 667 pilgrims and a military escort; one death from ordinary disease.

British steamship *Neghileh;* 384 Egyptians; 2 sick.

April 29.—British steamship *Minieh;* 1,150 pilgrims, mixed; destination, Constantinople.

DEPARTURES FROM TOR.

May 2.—Steamship *Minieh;* destination, Constantinople.

WEST INDIES.

Report from Barbados—Inspection of vessels—Vaccination of laborers for the Isthmian Canal—Smallpox at Bridgetown; probably imported.

Assistant Surgeon Ward reports, May 17, as follows:

During the week ended May 13, 1905, bills of health were issued to 3 steamships and 4 sailing vessels with 143 crew, 13 cabin, and no steerage passengers. Of this number I inspected 2 steamships, 3 sailing vessels, 96 crew, and 13 cabin passengers. There were 2 crew and no passengers taken on at this port for the United States.

On May 8 I viséed the bill of health of the Republic of Panama issued to the Royal Mail steamship *Trent*, bound to Colon via ports

on the Caribbean Sea, with 151 crew, 24 laborers and passengers. There were 21 certificates of vaccination issued to deck passengers for Colon and 39 to laborers recruited for work on the Panama Canal.

For the two weeks ended May 13 I examined 74 men to ascertain their fitness to act as laborers for work on the Panama Canal and rejected 17.

A negro suffering from a mild type of discrete smallpox was found in Bridgetown, Barbados, May 9, and was isolated at the Pelican Island quarantine station. This man came to Barbados, April 22, from St. Vincent, West Indies, and was taken sick eight days later (April 30). All precautions are being taken by the local health authorities to prevent the spread of this disease. To the date of this report no further cases have occurred.

The general health of Barbados continues good.

FOREIGN AND INSULAR STATISTICAL REPORTS OF COUNTRIES AND CITIES—YEARLY AND MONTHLY.

AFRICA—*Sierra Leone.*—Two weeks ended April 28, 1905. Estimated population, 50,000. Total number of deaths, 49. No deaths from contagious diseases reported. The smallpox situation remains unchanged.

BRAZIL—*Pernambuco.*—Two weeks ended April 15, 1905. Estimated population, 200,000. Total number of deaths, 459, including measles 1, smallpox 216, and 43 from tuberculosis.

CANADA—*British Columbia—Victoria.*—Month of April, 1905. Estimated population, 21,000. Total number of deaths, 17, including enteric fever 1, and 2 from phthisis pulmonalis.

FRANCE—*Marseille.*—Month of April, 1905. Estimated population, 491,161. Total number of deaths, 857, including diphtheria 8, enteric fever 4, measles 1, whooping cough 3, and 115 from tuberculosis.

Roubaix.—Month of April, 1905. Estimated population, 124,660. Total number of deaths, 169, including 1 from scarlet fever.

GREAT BRITAIN—*England and Wales.*—The deaths registered in 76 great towns in England and Wales during the week ended May 6, 1905, correspond to an annual rate of 15.4 per 1,000 of the aggregate population, which is estimated at 15,609,377.

Bradford.—Two weeks ended May 6, 1905. Estimated population, 286,799. Total number of deaths, 219, including diphtheria 2, enteric fever 1, measles 1, scarlet fever 2, whooping cough 6, and 17 from phthisis pulmonalis.

London.—One thousand three hundred and four deaths were registered during the week, including measles 44, scarlet fever 5, diphtheria 11, whooping cough 54, enteric fever 5, smallpox 1, and 19 from diarrhea. The deaths from all causes correspond to an annual rate of 14.5 per 1,000. In Greater London 1,850 deaths were registered. In the "outer ring" the deaths included 2 from diphtheria, 4